Opening word

This report hasn’t just been created to fulfil our UK Gender Pay Gap reporting obligations, but is also an opportunity for Chelton to lend our voice to a call for gender balance across our industry and beyond.

It is fundamental to note that this is not due to unequal pay. Like many companies with roles heavily rooted in Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics (STEM), the gender pay gap is primarily driven by the higher proportion of men who have senior or technical roles which are generally higher paid.

We believe that many of the actions we have already taken and continue to invest in will contribute to a sustainable and meaningful change and to ensure that Chelton is a place where opportunity and fair reward is available to all, and that we encourage the next generation of females to enter traditionally male-dominated roles.

Linda Lovell
Head of HR
Overview

As part of the Government’s commitment to tackle workplace discrimination, all UK companies with 250 or more employees are required to disclose their gender pay gap. This includes the comparison between mean and median hourly pay for all women and men within a business. This report covers gender pay gap data at the snapshot date of 5 April 2021 and bonuses paid in the year to 5 April 2021. The Gender Pay Gap is different from Equal Pay in that it is an average of hourly pay levels of all female employees compared to all male employees. This does not account for their role and level. Chelton is committed to paying employees doing equivalent jobs in the organisation equally regardless of their gender or other characteristics.

Employers are required to report six different measures based on a snapshot of pay data on a particular date set out by the Government Equalities Office:

Mean Gender Pay Gap:
The difference between the mean hourly rate of pay of male and female full-pay relevant employees.

Median Gender Pay Gap:
The difference between the median hourly rate of pay of male and female full-pay relevant employees.

Mean Bonus Gap:
The difference between the mean bonus paid paid to male and female relevant employees.

Median Bonus Gap:
The difference between the median bonus pay paid to male and female relevant employees.

Bonus Proportions:
The proportion of male and female relevant employees who were paid bonus pay during the relevant period.

Quartile Pay Bands:
The proportions of male and female full-pay relevant employees in the lower, lower-middle, upper-middle and upper quartile pay bands.
Summary of 2021 data

Employee Workforce

- 81% Males
- 19% Females

Proportion of Males & Females in each pay quartile

- Upper Quartile: 9.43% Male, 90.57% Female
- Upper Middle Quartile: 12.26% Male, 87.74% Female
- Lower Middle Quartile: 26.17% Male, 73.83% Female
- Lower Quartile: 28.04% Male, 71.96% Female

Bonus Gender Gap

- 84.05% Male Mean Gender Bonus Pay Gap
- 91.57% Female Mean Gender Bonus Pay Gap

Gender Bonus Pay Gap

- Mean Gender Bonus Pay Gap: Male 66.81%, Female 37.92%
Causes of our gender pay gap

Our current mean gender pay gap is 21%.

We are pleased that our gender pay gap has reduced from 2020 to 2021 by 6%. We have achieved this through recruitment strategies and salary reviews.

The business has undergone significant change in the past year, resulting in new ownership. As the business continues to develop we will endeavour to continue improving our gender pay gap.

Our gender pay gap is not due to unequal pay. Like many companies with roles rooted in Science, Technology, Engineering and Maths (STEM), it’s primarily driven by the proportion of men who have senior or technical roles which are generally higher paid. Our employee makeup is reflective of the marketplace in which we sit and whilst we are committed to promoting gender diversity, this will take many years to filter through and the current gender imbalance contributes to the gender pay gap calculated across the organisation.
What are we doing to address our Gender Pay Gap?

We have a number of mechanisms within our reward policies and processes to promote consistency in pay for men and women performing similar roles. This includes a consistent approach to job evaluation and recruitment. Our organisation is committed to attracting and retaining female talent but like similar technology organisations, we sometimes face challenges recruiting female employees with (STEM) qualifications and experience.

We actively support International Women in Engineering Day and participate with local schools, colleges and universities to engage female students. We will also actively promote women in engineering within our apprenticeship scheme, which we have recently improved.

We will continue to actively recruit and retain women at all levels across the business and recognise that there is a significant opportunity to increase the number of women in leadership positions.

Commencing 2021, all our employees are now entitled to participate in the Company discretionary bonus scheme.

To support our employees, we have improved our flexible working offering with an optional 4-day week and hybrid working from home opportunities. We have robust succession plans and provide managers with support and the tools to ensure fair, non-discriminatory recruitment and reward processes are followed.

Our business is committed to making progress in developing a diverse workforce but acknowledge that there is still a lot to do to improve gender diversity in both the industry and within our organisation.